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Windsor, August 20.

THis day Dr. *Bramston*, Vice-Chancellor of the University of *Cambridge*, Dr. *Smolt*, Dr. *Richardson*, Dr. *Ashton*, and Dr. *Johnson*, deputed by the said University, presented the following Address to Her Majesty, being introduced by the most Honourable the Lord High Treasurer.

May it please Your Majesty,

WE *Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, of Your University of* Cambridge, *do beg Leave to tender our most sincere and humble Thanks for Your Princely Beneficence and Liberality to the poor Clergy of the Church of* England, *by which, one of the Grounds of the Contempt thereof will in a good measure be removed, Religion and Learning set in a much higher Degree of Esteem and Reputation than it has been for many Years past.*

We also humbly beg Leave to make use of this Access to Your Royal Presence, to Congratulate Your Majesty upon the late Glorious Victory, that has attended Your Arms under the wise and vigilant Conduct of the Duke of Marlborough, *who has advanced the Honour of the* English *Nation beyond most of our Renowned Generals.*

The Reigns of our most fortunate Princes afford not so many great and surprizing Actions, such Prosperity, and Happiness, as the few Years, Your Majesty has sat upon the Throne, has blessed us with.

We have nothing more to pray and wish for, but Your Majesty's long Life, and a Continuation of these great and signal Successes; which we shall not doubt of, under Your Majesty's most Auspicious Influence, and while Your Armies are led by so valiant and successful Generals.

The following Address has also been presented to Her Majesty.

To the QUEEN's *Most Excellent Majesty.*

The humble Address of the Bishop and Clergy of the Diocese of *Oxford.*

May it please Your Sacred Majesty

TO *give us Leave, at the same time that we do with the deepest Sense of Gratitude, acknowledge that Royal Bounty which You have extended to the poor Clergy of this Church, with equal Joy to Congratulate the Glorious Success which God has given to Your Majesty's Arms.*

We hope these Two are not improperly joined together, since This Signal Blessing seems a Gracious Return from Heaven to That Eminent Charity.

By That Your Majesty has performed, what Your Blessed Sister could only desire at Home, and This is a promising Omen, That You are reserv'd to compleat the Glorious Undertaking, which Your Royal Predecessor left unfinish'd Abroad.

That He, by whom Princes Reign, would go on to Reward Your Love and Zeal for his Church with renewed Instances of his Favour; That he He would long continue You a Powerful Protector and Shining Ornament to Her; That after He has made You a Successful Instrument of His Glory on Earth, He would make You a happy Partaker of it with Himself in Heaven, are the fervent and constant Prayers of, Madam, Your Majesty's most Dutiful Subjects, and Faithful Humble Servants.

Which Addresses Her Majesty received very Graciously.

Vienna, August 13. The Emperor has declared Prince Charles of Nieubourg, Brother to the Elector Palatine, Governor of Tirol, with the same Authority and Privileges as the late Duke of Lorrain enjoyed when he held that Government. We hear from Presbourg, that General Heister having received a Supply of Money from hence, and a Reinforcement of 3 Battalions from the River Mark, is marched with the Body of Forces under his Command from the Island Schut towards Rabau, in order to make some Attempt against the Malecontents who are posted on that side.

From the Duke of Marlborough's *Camp at* Steinheim, *August* 17. *N. S.* Our Army, after the Glorious Victory obtained the 13th Instant over the French and Bavarians, lay that night upon their Arms in the Enemy's Camp, and the 14th made a small Motion, and came with the Right to Wittisling, and the Left to this Place. The Elector of Bavaria and the Marshal de Marcin, with the remainder of their Army, passed the Danube the same day over the Bridge of Lauingen, which they burnt as soon as they were got over, and marched to Burletfingen, near Ulm. Yesterday they retired further up the River towards the Iller: We have since repaired that Bridge, as also another at Hochstet. We have an Account, That yesterday morning early the Troops that were in Garison at Augsbourg quitted the Town, and are marched to join the Elector; The Garison of Munich has done the like: And this morning two Deputies came from Augsbourg to wait upon my Lord Duke, and pray his Grace's Protection; whereupon a Detachment is ordered to march and take Possession of that Place. The Number of Prisoners taken from the Enemy encreases every day, by the coming in of those who in the Rout escaped into the Country: They amount now to above 11000, besides more than 1200 Officers. The Marshal de Tallard, with 16 General Officers, and 13 Colonels, which he has requested may be with him, will be going the 19th towards Francfort and Hanau, with a Guard to attend them. Our Army is to advance at the same time towards Ulm, in order to oblige the Enemy to decamp from the Neighbourhood of that Place, which is the last where they have any Magazines in this Country; so that when they have lost that, they must of necessity retire over the Rhine for want of Subsistence on this side. The French Forces which were in that Town are marched out of it, and the Garison there consists now only of Bavarians. Monsieur de Tallard confesses their Army consisted of 82 Battalions, and 147 Squadrons; whereas we had but 64 Battalions and 166 Squadrons, whereof 1500 Horse, under the Command of Prince Lewis of Baden, had been detached for the Siege of Ingolstad. The Troops on the Left, commanded by his Grace the Duke of Marlborough, have taken 34 Pieces of Cannon, with 35 Standards, and upwards of 90 Colours, besides 13 Pieces of Cannon taken by our Right Wing under Prince Eugene, with a great many Colours and Standards, whereof we know not yet the Number. This Day was observed as a day of Thanksgiving throughout the whole Army, for the Glorious Success wherewith it has pleased God to bless us, and in the Evening a triple Discharge was made of all our Artillery and small Arms.

A LIST *of the Chief Prisoners taken at the Battel of* Bleinem.

THE Marshal *de Tallard*; Marquis *de Montperou*, Maistre de Camp General of Horse; Monsieur *de Hautefeuille*, Maistre de Camp General of Dragoons; Marquis *de Marivcaux*, Lieutenant-General; Marquis *de Blansac*, Marshal de Camp of Foot; Monsieur *du Viaseme*, Marshal de Camp; Marquis *de la Valiere*, Marquis *de Silly*, Brigadiers-General of Horse; Monsieur *Desnonville*, Monsieur *Danecy*, Chevalier *de Croissi*, Monsieur *de St. Second*, Monsieur *de Signey*, Monsieur *de Montfort*, Brigadiers-General of Foot; Monsieur *Jolly*, Brigadier-General of Dragoons; Marquis *de Septville*, Monsieur *de la Masseliere*, Brigadiers-General of the *Gens d'Arms*; Marquis *de Sassenage*, Aid de Camp and Son in-Law to the Marshal *de Tallard*; Marquis *de St. Pouange*, The Chevalier *de Ligonday*, Colonels of Horse; Marquis *de Nonan*, Colonel of the Regiment of *Provence*; Count *de Tavannes*, Count *Schacq*, Monsieur *Balincourt*, Monsieur *Saubeuf*, Count *de Leone*, Marquis *de Lassy*, Baron *d'Elsen*, Colonels of Foot; Marquis *de Vassy*, Marquis *d'Orrival*, Colonels of Dragoons; Prince *Maubecq* of *Lorrain*, Captain of Horse; Marquis *d'Auvet*, Captain of the *Gens d'Arms*; Monsieur *de Carman*, Second Lieutenant of the *Gens d'Arms*, and Colonel; Monsieur *d'Ovillars*, Enlign of the *Gens d'Arms*; Monsieur *Juissac*, Guidon of the *Gens d'Arms*.

A LIST *of the* French *Troops made Prisoners at Discretion in the Village of* Bleinem, *the* 13*th of* August, 1704.

Four Regiments of Dragoons, *viz.* That of the Maistre de Camp General, *La Reine*, *Vassy*, *Rouan*, consisting of 3 Squadrons each: Seventeen Regiments of Foot, *viz. Navarre* 3 Battalions, *Serasterre* 2, *Greder German* 2, *Onis* 2, *Artois* 2, *Provencois* 1, *Languedoc* 2, *Blaisois* 1, *Argentois* 1, *Surlaube* 2, *St. Second* 1, *Lassy* 1, *Boulonnois* 1, *Mourroux* 1, *Montfort* 2, *Royal* 3, Of the Artillery 1. In all, 28 Battalions.

Berlin, August 19. On the 19th Instant Monsieur Bootsheim, Aid de Camp to the Prince of Anhalt Dessau, passed through this Place going to Freyenwaidt, where the King of Prussia is at present, with an Account of the Glorious Victory obtained by the Allies over the French and Bavarians at Bleinem, which has caused an universal Joy in these Parts. Our last Letters from Poland say, That the King of Sweden continued to advance towards Russeland, with intent, as was supposed, to attack the King of Poland, and that